# OBAFEMI AWOLOWO UNIVERSITY ILE-IFE, NIGERIA



UNDERGRADUATE DEPARTMENTAL HANDBOOK

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DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

## MISSION, VISION AND OBJECTIVES OF THE UNIVERSITY

## OUR MISSION

To create a teaching and learning community for imparting appropriate skills and knowledge, behaviour and attitude, advance frontiers of knowledge that are relevant to national and global development, engender a sense of selfless public service; and promote and nurture the African culture and tradition.

## **OUR VISION**

The vision is of a top rated University in Africa, ranked among the best in the world, whose products occupy leadership positions in the public and private sectors of the Nigerian and global economy, that has harnessed modern technology, social, economic and financial strategies, built strong partnerships and linkages within and outside Nigeria and whose research contributes a substantial proportion of innovations to the Nigerian economy.

#### **OUR STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES**

- 1. To produce graduates of international standard, with appropriate knowledge and skills in their field of study, who will be highly employable and able to employ themselves.
- 2. To provide high quality research and development activities that will promote the development of the Nation and enhance the image of the University and the researchers.
- 3. To harness modern technology especially ICT and modern social economic and financial strategies to run a cost efficient and effective academic programme and institutional management.
- 4. To provide services that have relevance to and impact on the local community and the Nation.
- 5. To provide conditions of study, work and living in the University Community that are of appropriate standard.
- 6. To expand access to tertiary education in the face of unmet demand.
- 7. To operate as an equal opportunity educational, sensitive to the principle of gender equity and nondiscriminatory on the basis of race, ethnicity, religion or physical disability.

#### **ROLL OF HONOURS FOR STUDENTS**

Senate at a Special Meeting held on Wednesday, 1st November, 2006 decided that Roll of Honours for Students be instituted in the University to enhance discipline and good performance among students. All students are enjoined to strive to be on the Honours Roll. The details are as follows:

(i) The Honours Roll should be at three levels, namely:

- (a) Department Honours Roll.
- (b) Provosts/Deans Honours Roll
- (c) University/Vice-Chancellor's Honours Roll

(ii) The beneficiaries must have a minimum CGPA of 4.0 for Department Honours Roll, 4.25 for Provost/Deans Honours Roll and Faculties, except the Faculty of Pharmacy and College of Health Sciences where the candidates are expected to have a Cumulative average of 60% and 62% respectively.

(iii) The beneficiary must maintain this grade annually to continue to enjoy the award.

(iv) The recommendations must be processed along with results of Rain Semester Examinations.

(v) The student must be of good conduct.

(vi) He/she must not have outstanding or carry-over courses and must not be repeating the year.

(vii) No student on Leave of Absence shall enjoy the Annual Roll of Honours Award

(viii) The award shall be based on the recommendation of the Department Board of Examiners and the Faculty Board of Examiners, while that pertaining to the Vice-Chancellor/University shall be processed through the Committee of Deans.

(ix) Names of beneficiaries shall be displayed as follows:

Department Honours – Department Notice Board

Provost/Deans Honours – Faculty Notice Board Vice Chancellor/University Honours - Floor 'O' Secretariat building (x) Each beneficiary shall be given a certificate.

#### **INFORMATION ON FACILITIES**

## (A) HEZEKIAH OLUWASANMI LIBRARY

The library consists of the North and South wings, which are connected with walkways.

#### Membership

Membership of the library is available, on completion of a registration card, to all students, members of the senior staff of the University and such other persons as may be determined by the Library Committee or the University Librarian on behalf of it. Students are required to renew their registration at the beginning of each academic year. Library Cards and Borrower's Tickets are not transferable; books issued on them remain the responsibility of the person whose name appears on them. A lost Library Card on Borrower's Ticket may be replaced on submission of a written application.

#### The Librarian Collection

Hezekiah Oluwasanmi Library now contains over 380,000 volumes. It consists of two main areas:

- (i) The Undergraduate Areas and
- (ii) The Research areas

#### 1. Serial Collection

The Serial Collection consists of:

- (a) Current journals, the most current issues of which are shelved in the display section of the Serials Room.
- (b) Latest backfile, i.e. the latest 10 years of journals which are on open access to registered senior staff and postgraduate students.
- (c) Older backfiles, i.e. journals older than ten years are on closed access to all categories of readers who must obtain and complete request forms at the serials hatch.

#### 2. Africana Special Collection

The Africana Special Collection is a collection of rare and other books of primary interest to people whose fields of interest are in African Studies. Staff publications and theses submitted for higher degrees of the University as well as of other Universities are also housed there. The Collection is on closed access.

#### **3.** Documents Collection

Includes official publications of the Federal Government of Nigeria, the old regional governments, the present state governments and the "Federal Capital Territory". It also includes publications of other African governments and international organizations.

#### 4. **References Collection**

Dictionaries, encyclopedia, handbooks, directories, atlases, University Calendars, etc. are shelved in the Reference Room. Bibliographies, indexes and abstracts are available in the Bibliography room. Reference books do not ordinarily circulate. A newspaper clippings file (post-October, 1985) and a vertical file of reprints and other pamphlets type material are kept in the Reference Room

#### 5. Reserve Collection

#### (i) <u>Day reserve collection</u>

Multiple copies of textbooks, particularly some of those recommended for specific courses, are shelved in the Reserve Books Room 3, North Wing East.

## (ii) <u>Two-Hour Reserve</u>

Some other materials, periodical articles in particular, are placed on 2-hour reserve. These may be obtained on request (signature and seat number required) and retained for a period of two hours at a time, subject to renewals, provided other readers have not demanded the materials.

## 6. Recent Accessions

A selection of books added to the Library stock is normally displayed for several days before being put in the main collection. The books may not be borrowed while on display but may be reserved at the loans Desk.

## Catalogues

A library catalogues is a finding list of books and other materials available in the Library. The following catalogues can be found in the Catalogues Hall:

- (i) The Author/title Catalogue
- (ii) The Subject Catalogue
- (iii)The Shelf List
- (iv)The Serial Catalogue
- (v) The Documents Catalogue

## How to Borrow a Book

When you have found the book you want to borrow, you will be required to sign your name and address on the book card provided in duplicate. You must surrender a Borrower's Ticket for each book borrowed. When you return a book, you must ensure that you receive your Borrower's Ticket back immediately.

## (B) DIVISION OF STUDENTS' AFFAIRS

#### 1. **Guidance and Counseling Unit:**

The Division of Students' Affairs has Professional Counselors who are committed to helping students grow in self-understanding. In the process of integrating their personal and academic experiences, the services are free to students and are confidential (i.e. not used as part of his/her other University records). The services include personal counseling, group counseling, study skills improvement, tests anxiety reduction, personal crisis intervention, psychological testing, career and occupational counseling and settlement of grievances between students. Where necessary, consultations are made with campus organizations, specialist and academic Departments, to ensure that students' problems are resolved satisfactorily. The Counselors can be contacted in Rooms 9 and 10 Division of Student Affairs between 10.00am and 2.00p.m Monday to Friday.

## 2. Scholarship and Financial Assistance:

The Division of Students Affairs serves as a link between students and sponsoring authorities, both within and outside Nigeria. Students are advised to check the Notice Boards in their respective faculties as well as those at the Division of Students' Affair Building for advertisements and other relevant information. Liaison is also maintained between students and government at various levels for scholarship and bursaries.

## **RELEVANT SECTIONS OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION REGULATIONS**

#### (I) Registration for University Examinations

(a) A candidate for a University examination must have registered for the courses in the prescribed format not later than the closing date prescribed for registration for such courses. Any candidate who fails to

register for courses at the appropriate time as prescribed by Senate will not be allowed to take any examination in such courses; any examination taken without course registration shall be null and void.

- (b) Students who registered for courses are expected to take examinations in such courses. If a student fails to take an examination he would be scored 'O' F" for the number of units he had registered for and in which he had failed to take the prescribed examination.
- (c) Any student who does not have any course or courses to offer in a particular semester should apply for a leave of absence.
- (d) A candidate who has less than 15 units in a particular semester to graduate should apply to his/her Faculty Board for permission to register for less than 15 units. Failure to do so constitute a breach of regulation which may result in the non-processing of the candidates' results.
- (e) A candidate who cannot register for courses during the prescribed period for registration because of an illness must ensure that medical report on his illness is forwarded by him or his parents/sponsors to reach the Dean of his Faculty not later than four weeks after the end of the normal registration period as scheduled in the University Calendar. Such a medical report should be forwarded for authentication by the Director of Medical and Health Services for it to be considered valid. Such a candidate shall be exempted from the penalties of late registration. All applications should be routed through the Head of Department.
- (f) Students must attend a minimum of 75% of courses instructions including lectures, tutorials and practical (where required) to quality to sit for examination in any course.
- (g) A candidate for a university examination in a particular degree programme should not be a regular candidate for another degree in this or any other university concurrently. Any candidate so discovered shall forfeit his/her studentship.

## (II) Absence from Examination

Candidates must present themselves at such University examinations for which they have registered. Candidates who fail to do so for reason other than illness or accident shall be bound by the following regulations:

- (a) Any student who fails to register for courses during one semester without permission should be deemed to have scored 'O' "F" in the minimum number of units required for full-time student (i.e 15 units).
- (b) Candidates who registered for courses, attended classes regularly, did all practical and tests but did not take required Semester examinations should be given a continuous assessment grade in each of the affected courses and a grade of "O" in the examination which they should have taken, but which they did not take.
- (c) Candidates who have less than 15 units to graduate but who fail to take the required examinations should be deemed to have scored 'O' "F" in the outstanding courses only provided such candidates obtained permission to register for less than 15 units.
- (d.) Any candidate who, on account of illness, is absent from a University examination may be permitted by the Senate on the recommendation from the appropriate Faculty Board to present himself for such examination at the next available opportunity provided that:
- (i) A full-time student in the University shall report any case of illness to the University Health Centre at all times.
- (ii) When a student falls ill during examination, he should first report to the Director, Medical and Health Services before attending any hospital outside the University. A report of sickness should be made to the Registrar within a week and a medical certificate for validation of his illness within three weeks.
- (iii) When a student falls ill before an examination he shall be under an obligation to send a medical report countersigned by the Director, Medical and Health Services within one week of such illness. Any time outside this period, shall be considered on its own merit.
- (iv) The Director of Medical and Health Services should, within 48 hours, submit a medical report on a candidate who is ill during an examination and is taken to the Health Centre or referred by it to another hospital for treatment.

(v) A candidate applying for leave of absence on medical grounds must forward his application together with a medical report to the Dean of his Faculty through his Head of Department. The Medical report must be countersigned by the Director of Medical and Health Services. All applications for Leave of Absence must be taken by the appropriate Faculty Board.

## EXAMINATION OFFENCES AND PENALTY

## (A) Examination Offences

- a. A candidate shall not be allowed during an examination to communicate by word or otherwise with any other candidates nor shall he leave his place except with the consent of an invigilator. Should a candidate act in such a way as to disturb or inconveniences other candidates, he shall be warned and if he persists he may, at the discretion of the invigilator, be excluded from the examination room. Such an action by the invigilator must also be reported in writing through the Head of Department to the Vice-Chancellor within 24 hours.
- b. It shall be an examination offence for any student, staff or any person whatsoever to impersonate a candidate in any University examination. Any student or staff of the University found guilty under this regulation shall be subjected to the disciplinary action by the appropriate authority of the University. The candidate impersonated shall also be liable of an infraction of this regulation where it is established directly from circumstantial evidence that the impersonation is with his knowledge or connivance.
- c. No candidate shall take into an examination room, or have in his possession during an examination any book or paper or printed or written documents, whether relevant to the examination or not, unless specifically authorized to do so. An invigilator has authority to confiscate such documents.
- d. Mobile phones are not allowed in examination halls.
- e. A candidate shall not remove from an examination room any paper, used or unused, except the question paper and such book and papers, if any, as he is authorized to take into the examination room.
- f. Candidates shall comply with all "direction to candidates" set out on an examination answer book or other examination materials supplied to them. They shall also comply with direction given to them by the invigilator.
- g. Candidate shall not write on any paper other than the examination answer books. All rough work must be done in the answer books and crossed out neatly. Supplementary answer books, even if they contain only rough work must be tied inside the main answer books.
- h. When leaving the examination room, even if temporarily, a candidate shall not leave his written book on the desk but he shall hand it over to an invigilator. Candidates are responsible for the proper return of their written work.
- i. Smoking shall not be permitted in examination room during examination sessions.
- j. Any candidate or staff who attempts in any way to unlawfully have or give pre-knowledge of an examination questions or to influence the marking of scripts or the award of marks by the University examiner shall be subjected to disciplinary action by the appropriate authority of the University.
- k. If any candidate is suspected of cheating, receiving assistance or assisting other candidate or of infringing any other examination regulation, a written report of the circumstance shall be submitted by the invigilator to the Vice-Chancellor within 24 hours of the examination session. The candidate concerned shall be allowed to continue with the examination.

- 1. Any candidate suspected of examination malpractice shall be required to submit to the invigilator a written report immediately after the paper. Failure to make a report shall be regarded as breach of discipline. Such report should be forwarded along with the invigilator's report to the Vice-Chancellor.
- m. Where a Head of Department fails to forward a report on examination malpractice to the Vice-Chancellor such action would be considered as misconduct.
- n. Where the Vice-Chancellor is satisfied on the basis of reports forwarded to him that any candidate has a case to answer, he shall refer the case to the Central Committee on Examination Malpractice.

## (B) Penalties for Examination Malpractice and other Offences

- a. Any examination offence would attract appropriate penalty including outright dismissal from the University.
- b. Where the Vice-Chancellor has reason to believe that the nature of any question or the content of any paper may have become known before the date and time of the examination to any persons other than the examiners of the paper, the Board of Examiners, and any official of the University authorized to handle the paper, he may order the suspension of the examination or the cancellation of the paper or setting of a new paper and shall report the matter to the Senate. The Vice-Chancellor shall also take any disciplinary measure against any student or students involved as he may deem appropriate.
- c. If in the opinion of an invigilator, circumstances arise which render the examination unfair to any candidate, he must report the matter to the Vice-Chancellor within 24 hours after the examination. Where such matter is reported to the Vice-Chancellor, he may take such action as he deems fit. If he directs that another examination be held, that examination shall be the examination for the purpose of this regulation.
- d. Any candidate or member of staff may complain to the Vice-Chancellor that an examination has been improperly conducted. The Vice-Chancellor shall investigate the compliant and report the result of his investigation to the Senate which shall take such action as it may deem appropriate, including withholding a result or deprivation of the award of a degree, diploma, etc. as laid down in Statute 17.

## THE COURSE UNIT SYSTEM AND THE COMPUTATION OF GRADE POINT AVERAGE

## A. Pattern of Examination

- (i) Each course shall be examined at the end of the course. The examination shall be conducted as prescribed by Senate.
- (ii) Each examination shall be 1-3 hours in duration. In addition there may be a practical paper and/or an oral examination.
- (iii) There shall be continuous assessment of each course and this shall constitute a percentage of the final grade.

## **B.** Measurement of Performance

Performance in a course shall be measured in terms of:

- (i) The results of prescribed theory and practical examination.
- (ii) Continuous assessment which shall constitute 40% of measured performance.
- (iii) Assessment of such essay, practical exercises and reports prescribed for each course.

## C. Level of Performance

A candidate shall be recorded as having attained in a course a level of achievement graded as Follows:

А	=	Excellent	70%	-	100%
B.	=	Very Good	60%	-	69%
С	=	Good	50%	-	59%
D	=	Satisfactory	45%	-	49%
E	=	Adequate	40%	-	44%
F	=	Failure	0%	-	39%

## **D. Definition of Terms**

- (i) *Student Workload:* This is defined in terms of course units. One unit represents one hour of lecture or one hour of tutorials or 2-4 hours of practical work per week throughout a semester. Thus for example, a course in which there are 2 hours of lectures and 1 hour of Tutorial per week is a 3-unit course.
- (ii) Total Number of Units (TNU): This is the total number of course units carried by a student in a particular semester. It is the summation of the load units on all Courses carried during the semester. For example, a student who is carrying 6 courses of 3 units each has a TNU of 18 for that semester. No student shall be allowed to carry (i.e register for) or be examined in more than 24 units in any particular semester.
- (iii) Cumulative Number of Units: This is the summation of the total number of units over all the semesters from the beginning to date. A student who is prone to repeating courses will finish (if he does not drop out) with a higher CNU than his non-repeating colleague and will most likely require a longer time to complete requirements for the award of Degrees.
- (iv) **Level of Performance Rating:** this is the rating of grades obtained in terms of credit points per load unit. The rating used is as follows:

Leve	l of Per	rformance Rating	(Credit points per unit)
А	=	70%-100%	5
В.	=	60%-69%	4
С	=	50%-59%	3
D	=	45%-49%	2
Е	=	40%-44%	1
F	=	0%-39%	0

Based on the above, a student who obtained a grade of 'A' in a 3 unit course has scored 15 Credit points, and one who obtained a grade of C in that course has scored 9 credit points.

- (v) **Total Credit Points (TCP)**: This is the sum of the products of the course units and rating on each course, for the entire semester period. For example, consider a student who took 4 courses of 3 units each. Let's say the grade obtained in the four course were C, B,F and D respectively. The TCP of this student is obtained as 3x3+3x4+3x0+3x2 = 27.
- (vi) **Cumulative Credit Points (CCP):** This is the summation of Total Credit Points over all semesters from beginning to date.
- (vii) **Grade Point Average (GPA):** This is the total credit points (TCP) divided by the total number of units (TNU). For example, consider the student's scores referred to above. His TCP is 27, and of course, his TNU is 12 (i.e 4 courses at 3 units each, for semester). The highest GPA that can be earned is 5.0 and that is when a student has earned a grade of 'A' in every course during the semester. The lowest GPA obtainable is 0.0 and this would happen if the student has F in every course during the semester.
- (viii) **Cumulative Grade Point Average** (*CGPA*): This is the summation of TCPs for all semesters, divided by the summation of TNUs for the said semesters. Like the GPA, CGPA obtainable ranges from 0 to 5.

## E. Calculation of Grade Point Average (GPA)

The overall performance of each candidate during an entire semester shall be determined by means of weighted grade point average, obtained by awarding credit points in respect of teach course multiplied by the numerical value of the grade obtained as follows:

С	=	3 credit point per unit
D	=	2 credit point per unit
Е	=	1 credit point per unit
F	=	0 credit point per unit
ha tot	al numb	or of oradit points divided

The grade point average is the total number of credit points divided by the total number of units for all courses taken during a particular semester.

#### F. GPA and CGPA Sample Computations

Sample Computations. Consider a hypothetical direct entry student who has enrolled in a course programme designate as POL and has just completed 2 full semesters in the University. His course programme and his GPA and CGPA could be as follows:

Semester

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Ι	Т	Р	Units		Results	
Course					Grades	Credit	GPA/CGPA
code						points	
POL 221	1	1	0	2	78%(A)	2X5=10	GPA-40/17=2.35
POL 105	2	1	0	3	60%(B)	3X4=12	CCP=40+0=40
POL 205	2	1	0	3	45%(D)	3X2=6	CNU=17+0=17
POL 201	2	1	0	3	38%(F)	3X0=0	CGPA=40/17=2.35
POL 203	2	1	0	3	53%(C)	3X3=9	
POL 201	2	1	0	3	40%(E)	3X1=3	
				17		40 (TCP)	In this case the TCP, TNU
				(TNU)			and GPA will be the same
							for C,CP, CNU and CGPA

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	L	Т	Р	Units		Results	
Course					Grades	Credit points	GPA/CGPA
code							
POL 232	2	1	0	4	66%(B)	4X4=16	GPA-49/16=3.06
POL 106	2	1	0	3	72%(A)	3X5=15	CCP=40+49=89
POL 206	2	1	0	3	47%(D)	3X2=6	CNU=17+16=33
POL 202	2	1	0	3	53%(C)	3X3=9	CGPA=89/33=2.70
POL 204	2	1	0	3	42%(E)	3X1=3	
				16		49 (TNU)	
				(TNU)			

#### G. Withdrawal from the University

A student who fails to reach cumulative grade point average (CGPA) of 1.00 at the end of the semester shall be placed on probation during the second semester. If he/she scores less than CGPA of 1.00 in the second semester, he/she shall be required to withdraw from the University.

## H. Assessment and Award of Degrees

- (i) A student's workload is defined in terms of course units. One unit represents one hour of lecture or one hour of tutorial, or 2-4 hours of practical work per week throughout a semester. All courses shall run for one semester or a full session of two semesters.
- (ii) The final award and the class of the degree shall be based on the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) obtained by each candidate in all prescribed courses approved by the University. The final cumulative grade points and the total number of course units registered for during the course of the student's programme. In the case of failed course, the candidate must repeat the course at the next available opportunity. If the course is an elective, the candidate may substitute another course and shall not be required to pass the failed elective, substitution can only be made from the list of restricted electives. The failed grade would however be reflected in the transcript.
- (iii) A candidate who has satisfactorily completed all requirements for the degree with an overall grade point average of not less than 1.50 shall be awarded the honours degree indicated below:

First Class	4.50-5.00
Second Class (Upper Division)	3.50-4.49
Second Class (Lower Division)	2.40-3.49
Third Class Honours	1.50-2.39
Pass	1.00-1.49

- (iv) Passes in 12 units of Special Electives are compulsory requirements for graduation.
- (vi) A candidate who scores a cumulative grade point average (CGPA) of less than 1.00 in two consecutive semesters shall be required to withdraw from the University.

#### I. Transfer within the University and Length of stay in the University

- (a) To qualify for a degree, a candidate will normally be required to spend a minimum of two academic years at the Obafemi Awolowo University.
- (b) If a student transfers from one Faculty to another, the transfer would be treated as if he/she is just being admitted into the University since as part of the requirement for graduation, Student has to take all the foundation/compulsory courses in the new Faculty/Department. In that case his/her stay in the new Faculty/Department should be I½ times the number of semesters required to complete a programme.
- (c) Where a student transfers from a science based Faculty to another, the computation of his result in the news Faculty shall take cognizance of his previous CGPA in the new Department. The duration of the stay in the university will be what remains of the 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> time the number of semesters required to complete the programme as approved by Senate.
- (d) Where a student is transferring from a science-based to a Social Science/Arts-based Faculty or viceversa, the transfer should be treated as if the student is just being admitted into the University. The GPA of the student will not be transferred to the new Department. He/she will however be required to take all the foundation / compulsory courses in the new Department.

## **COURSE CONTENT**

## Introduction

A full-fledged Department of Political Science was established in 1967/1968 session. Prior to the establishment of the Department, available courses in political science were taught in the Faculty of Economics and Social Studies, which was later renamed Faculty of Social Sciences in 1963/64 academic session. In the 1971/72 session, the Faculty of Social Sciences initiated a programme called Government, Philosophy and Economics (GPE), which was supervised by the Dean of the Faculty. The GPE was transferred to the Department of Political Science in the 1975/76 session. The title of the programme has since been changed to Politics, Philosophy and Economics (PPE). The Department currently coordinates two undergraduate programmes in Political Science and PPE.

## Philosophy

The philosophy of the Department is derived from the overall vision of the University which aims at creating a teaching and learning community imparting appropriate skills, knowledge, behaviour and attitudes; advancing the frontiers of knowledge that are relevant to national and global development, and engendering a sense of selfless public sector. It is also the philosophy of the Department to produce thoroughbred and disciplined students, with excellent knowledge and skills, who will be able to demonstrate competence and knowledge in any area of endeavour they may choose to go into after graduation.

## Objectives

Objectives of the Department of Political Science are:

- (i) to provide a sound knowledge of concepts, theories and issues in political science, as well as an understanding of the problem and processes of managing affairs of communities and states;
- (ii) to contribute through research to theoretical developments in political science, and provide policyoriented solutions to the problems of governing political communities.

#### **Admission Requirements:**

Admission into the Department of Political Science for undergraduate programmes is through Joint Admission and Matriculation Board (JAMB) Examinations or such other concessional examinations that the University may operate, in addition to what the University has established as 'prima facie' requirements for entry into the Faculty of Social Sciences. Candidates for the B.Sc. degree programmes must have a Senior Secondary School Certificate or General Certificate of Education or their equivalents with at least five credits, including English, Mathematics and Government in not more than two sittings (for Political Science) and at least five credits, including English, Mathematics, Government and Economics in not more than two sittings (for PPE).

The Department also admits through Direct Entry. Direct Entry candidates must: (i) satisfy the admission requirements for admission to the University as specified above; and (ii) possess five credit passes in the General Certificate of Education or its equivalent of which at least two shall be at the advanced level, or five credit passes of which at least three shall be at the advanced level, provided such passes are not counted at both levels of the examinations, or (iii) Hold diploma/higher national diploma in local government studies, public administration, political studies or international studies/relations provided such programmes are credible and based in reputable institutions.

The duration of undergraduate programmes is normally 8 semesters for regular and 6 semesters for Direct Entry.

#### **Requirements for Degree**

To be eligible for the degree of the degree programmes, candidate must have taken and passed approved compulsory and elective courses. An optional course may be taken by a student and could be substituted for another. It is possible for a candidate to exceed the stated minimum number of units by selecting courses of his choice, provided that prior approval of the Head of Department (or his appointed representative) is obtained.

For students admitted through Unified Tertiary Matriculation Examination (UTME) the minimum requirement is 155 units while for Direct Entry students, it is 125 units.

Duration of Programme: 4 Years (Direct entry: 3 Years)

#### **Special Electives**

Students are expected to take (and pass) a minimum of 12 units of special electives. These are:

- 1. LIB 001 Use of Library
- 2. SEO 003 Concepts and Principles of Entrepreneurship 2 units
- 3. SEO 004 Business Environment and Approach to Business Startup 2 units
- 4. SER 001 Use of English 4 units
- 5. Other special electives outside the Faculty of Social Sciences amounting to not less than 4 units.

#### PART I HARMATTAN SEMESTER

#### COMPULSORY COURSES

CODE	COURSE TITLE	LTP	Units
SSC 101	Man and his Social Environment	2-1-0	3
SSC 103	Man's Environmental Relations	2-1-0	3
SSC 105	Mathematics for Social Scientists I	2-1-0	3
POL 101	Organisation of Governments, Citizenship and the State	2-1-0	3

Special Electives: Not more than 4 units of special electives

Restricted Electives: At least two from the following:

SSC 111	Foundations of Psychology I	2-1-0	3
PHL 101	Introduction to Philosophy I	2-1-0	3
PHL 103	Introduction to History of Philosophy I	2-1-0	3
HIS 101	Culture History of Africa to 1500AD	2-1-0	3
HIS 103	European History 1300 – 1789	2-1-0	3
	REQUIRED UNITS FOR THE SEMESTER		

#### PART I RAIN SEMESTER COMPULSORY COURSES

eenn elb					
SSC 102	Man in his Economic Environment	2-1-0	3		
SSC 104	Introduction to Political Science	2-1-0	3		
SSC 106	Mathematics for Social Scientists II	2-1-0	3		
POL 102	Nigerian Government and Politics	2-1-0	3		

Special Electives: Not more than 4 Units of special electives

Restricted Electives: At least two from the following:

SSC 112	Foundations of Psychology II	2-1-0	3
PHL 104	Introduction to Problems of Philosophy II	2-1-0	3

PHL 102	Introduction to Social and Political Philosophy	2-1-0	3
HIS 104	European History 1789-1943	2-1-0	3
R	1	8	

#### PART II HARMATTAN SEMESTER COMPLIE SORY COURSES

COMFUL	SORI COURSES		
POL 201	Political Analysis	2-1-0	3
POL 203	Political Thought: Plato to Machiavelli	2-1-0	3
POL 207	Foundations of Political Economy	2-1-0	3
POL 209	Introduction to International Relations	2-1-0	3
SSC 201	Statistical Methods & Sources I	2-1-0	3
CSC 221	Computer Appreciation	2-0-0	2
SSC 105	Mathematics for Social Scientists I (for DE students)	2-1-0	3

Special electives: Not more than 2 units of special electives

Restricted Electives: At least one from the following:

	6		
POL 211	Local Government and Politics	2-1-0	3
SOC 203	Nigerian Traditional Social Structure	2-1-0	3
ECN 203	Introductory Applied Economics	2-1-0	3
DSS 201	Introduction to Population Theories	2-1-0	3
PUL 203	Nigerian Legal System I	3-1-0	4
REQUIRED UNITS FOR THE SEMESTER		2	0

## PART II RAIN SEMESTER

#### COMPULSORY COURSES

POL 202	Nigerian Constitutional Development and Politics	2-1-0	3
POL 204	Introduction to African Politics	2-1-0	3
POL 206	Political Thought Since Hobbes	2-1-0	3
SSC 202	Statistical Methods and Sources II	2-1-0	3
POL 208	Elements of Public Administration	2-1-0	3
POL 210	Political Ideas	2-1-0	3
SSC 106	Mathematics for Social Scientists II (for DE students)	2-1-0	3

Special Electives: Not more than 4 units of special electives. Restricted Electives: At least one from the following:

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DSS 202	Introduction to Populations Census	2-1-0	3
ECN 204	Introductory Applied Economics II	2-1-0	3
PSY 202	General Psychology II	2-1-0	3
PUL 204	Nigerian Legal System II	2-1-0	3
PHL 202	Introduction to Metaphysics	2-1-0	3
REQUIRED UNITS FOR THE SEMESTER			21

## PART III HARMATTAN SEMESTER

#### COMPULSORY COURSES

POL 301	Contemporary Political Analysis	2-1-0	3
POL 303	Administrative Theory and Practice	2-1-0	3
POL 305	Public Policy Analysis	2-1-0	3
POL 313	Theories of International Relations	2-1-0	3
POL 319	Research Methods in Political Science	2-1-0	3
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Special Electives: 2 units

Restricted Electives: At least one of the following:

POL 307	Comparative Government and Politics	2-1-0	3
SOC 305	Comparative Social Institutions I	2-1-0	3
ECN 305	Element of Economic Development	2-1-0	3
POL 315	The Methodology of Comparative Research	2-1-0	3
POL 317	Globalisation and Development	2-1-0	3
REQUIRED UNITS FOR THE SEMESTER		1	8

## PART III RAIN SEMESTER

COMPULSORY COURSES

POL 308	Politics of Development and Underdevelopment	2-1-0	3
POL 322	Comparative Federalism	2-1-0	3

Special Electives: 2 units

Restricted Electives: At least three from the following.

POL 320	Government and Administration of Rural & Urban Areas	2-1-0	3
POL 326	Gender and Politics	2-1-0	3
POL 310	Comparative Foreign Policy	2-1-0	3
POL 314	Marxist Leninist Thought and Practice	2-1-0	3
POL 318	Public Administration in Nigeria	2-1-0	3
ECN 306	Issues in Development Economics	2-1-0	3
POL 316	Politics of International Economic Relations	2-1-0	3
POL 324	Civil Society and Governance	2-1-0	3
	REQUIRED UNITS FOR THE SEMESTER		15

#### PART IV HARMATTAN SEMESTER

#### COMPULSORY COURSES

POL 417	Dependency Theory and the Third World	2-1-0	3
POL 409	State and Economy	2-1-0	3
POL 407	Political Parties and Pressure Group	2-1-0	3
POL 415	Long Essay	2-1-0	3
POL 423	Development Administration	2-1-0	3

Special Electives: 2 units

Restricted Elective: At least one from the following:

POL 403	Theories of War and Strategies for Peace	2-1-0	3
POL 411	Science, Technology and Politics	2-1-0	3
POL 421	Nigerian Local Government	2-1-0	3
POL 405	Nigerian Foreign Policy	2-1-0	3
POL 413	Public Finance Administration	2-1-0	3
POL 425	Comparative Democratic Development	2-1-0	3
POL 427	Politics of Intergovernmental Relations	2-1-0	3
	REQUIRED UNITS FOR THE SEMESTER		18

## PART IV RAIN SEMESTER

## COMPULSORY COURSES

POL 402	Political Behaviour	2-1-0	3
POL 422	Politics and Law in Africa	2-1-0	3
POL 424	Civil-Military Relations	2-1-0	3
POL 416	Long Essay	2-1-0	3
0 1 1 1			

Special Electives: 2 units

Restricted Elective: At least one from the following

POL 410	International Law, Organization and Administration	2-1-0	3
POL 412	Political Violence, Revolution and Society	2-1-0	3
POL 414	Human Rights and Fundamental Freedom	2-1-0	3
POL 420	International Politics, States and the Media	2-1-0	3
POL 408	Comparative Public Administration	2-1-0	3
POL 418	Public Personnel Administration	2-1-0	3
POL 426	Legislative Studies	2-1-0	3
	REQUIRED UNITS FOR THE SEMESTER		15

LTP: L = Lecture, T = Tutorial, P = Practical

## **B.Sc. POLITICS, PHILOSOPHY AND ECONOMICS**

#### PART I HARMATTAN SEMESTER

## COMPULSORY COURSES

CODE	TITLE	L-T-P	UNITS
SSC 101	Man and his Social Environment	2-1-0	3
SSC 103	Man's Environmental Relations	2-1-0	3
SSC 105	Mathematics for Social Scientists I	2-1-0	3
POL 101	Organisation of Government, Citizenship and the State	2-1-0	3
PHL 101	Introduction to Philosophy I	2-1-0	3

SPECIAL ELECTIVE: Not more than 4 units of special electives.

## **RESTRICTED ELECTIVES:** At least one from the following:

ECN 101	Elements of Microeconomic Principles and Theories	2-1-0	3
SSC 111	Foundation of Psychology I	2-1-0	3
PHL 103	Introduction to History of Philosophy I	2-1-0	3
HIS 101	West African History 1000-1500AD	2-1-0	3
HIS 103	European History 1300	2-1-0	3
FRN 101	Audio Visual course in French	2-1-0	3
	REQUIRED UNITS FOR THE SEMESTER		18

## PART I RAIN SEMESTER

COMPULSORY COURSES

	Course Title	Prerequisite	L-T-P	UNITS
SSC 102	Man in his Economic Environment	-	2-1-0	3
SSC 104	Introduction to Political Science	-	2-1-0	3
SSC 106	Mathematics for Social Scientists II	-	2-1-0	3
POL 102	Nigerian Government and Politics	-	2-1-0	3
PHL 104	Introduction to Philosophy II	-	2-1-0	3

SPECIAL ELECTIVES: Not more than 4 units of special electives.

RESTRICTED ELECTIVES: At least one from the following:

ECN 102	Elements of Macroeconomic Principles and Theories	-	2-1-0	3
SSC 112	Foundation of Psychology II	-	2-1-0	3
PHL 102	Introduction to Social and Political Philosophy	-	2-1-0	3
PHL 106	Introduction to History of Philosophy II	-	2-1-0	3
HIS 102	West African History 1500-1789AD	-	2-1-0	3
HIS 104	Social and Intellectual History of Europe 1500-1789AD.	-	2-1-0	3

FRN 104	French Composition and Comprehension.	-	2-1-0	3
	REQUIRED UNITS FOR THE SEMESTER	18		

#### PART II HARMATTAN SEMESTER

#### COMPULSORY COURSES

POL 207	Foundation of Political Economy	-	2-1-0	3
PHL 201	Introduction to Logic	-	2-1-0	3
ECN 201	Principles of Economics	-	2-1-0	3
SSC 201	Statistical Methods and Sources I	-	2-1-0	3
CSC 221	Computer Appreciation	-	2-0-0	2
SSC 105	Mathematics for Social Scientists I (for DE Students)	-	2-1-0	3

#### SPECIAL ELECTIVES: 4 units of special electives

**RESTRICTED ELECTIVES:** At least one from the following:

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PHL 203	Introduction to Epistemology	-	2-1-0	3
ECN 203	Introductory Applied Economics I	-	2-1-0	3
ECN 205	Mathematics for Economists I	-	2-1-0	3
PHL 205	African Philosophy I	-	2-1-0	3
POL 211	Local Government and Politics	-	2-1-0	3
POL 201	Political Analysis	-	2-0-0	2
REQUIRED UNITS FOR THE SEMESTER		17 (2	20 for DE	E Students)

## PART II RAIN SEMESTER

#### COMPULSORY COURSES Statistical Methods and Sources II SSC 202 2-1-0 3 \_ ECN 202 Principles of Economics II 3 2-1-0 -Nigerian Constitutional Development and Politics POL 202 3 2-1-0 \_ PHL 204 Introduction to Symbolic Logic 3 \_ 2-1-0 Mathematics for Social Scientists II (for DE Students) SSC 106 2-1-0 3 \_

SPECIAL ELECTIVES: 4 units of special electives.

**RESTRICTED ELECTIVES:** At least two from the following:

POL 204	Introduction to African Politics	-	2-1-0	3
POL 208	Elements of Public Administration	-	2-1-0	3
POL 206	Political Thought since Hobbes	-	2-1-0	3
PHL 202	Introduction to Metaphysics	-	2-1-0	3
ECN 204	Introductory Applied Economics II	-	2-1-0	3
ECN 206	Mathematics for Economists II	-	2-1-0	3
REQUIRED UNITS FOR THE SEMESTER		18 (	21 for DI	E Students)

## PART III HARMATTAN SEMESTER

#### COMPULSORY COURSES (PPE)

POL 303	Administrative Theory and Practice	-	2-1-0	3
POL 305	Public Policy Analysis	-	2-1-0	3
ECN 301	Microeconomic Theory I	ECN 201	2-1-0	3
PHL 301	Symbolic Logic	-	2-1-0	3
POL 319	Research Methods in Political Science	-	2-1-0	3
PHL 301 POL 319	Symbolic Logic	-	•	3 3

SPECIAL ELECTIVES: 4 Units of Special Electives.

**RESTRICTED ELECTIVES:** At least one from the following:

ECN 305   Element of Economic Development -   2-1-0   3
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ECN 329	Introduction to Public Finance	-	2-1-0	3
ECN 311	Industrial Economics I	-	2-1-0	3
ECN 303	History of Economic Thought I	-	2-1-0	3
ECN 323	Elements of Econometrics	-	2-1-0	3
POL 301	Contemporary Political Analysis	-	2-1-0	3
POL 307	Comparative Government and Politics	-	2-1-0	3
POL 317	Globalisation and Development	-	2-1-0	3
PHL 305	African Philosophy II	-	2-1-0	3
	REQUIRED UNITS FOR THE SEMESTER		18	3

## PART III RAIN SEMESTER

POL 308	Politics of Development and Underdevelopment	-	2-1-0	3
POL 318	Public Administration in Nigeria	-	2-1-0	3
ECN 302	Macroeconomic Theory I	ECN 202	2-1-0	3
ECN 312	Industrial Economics II	-	2-1-0	3
ECN 304	Structure of the Nigerian Economy	-	2-1-0	3
PHL 302	Theories of Knowledge	-	2-1-0	3

SPECIAL ELECTIVES: 2 units of special electives RESTRICTED ELECTIVES: At least one from the following:

	8			
POL 316	Politics of International Economic Relations	-	2-1-0	3
POL 320	Government and Administration of Urban/Rural Areas	-	2-1-0	3
POL 322	Comparative Federalism	-	2-1-0	3
POL 324	Civil Society and Governance	-	2-1-0	3
POL 326	Gender and Politics	-	2-1-0	3
ECN 306	Issues in Development Economics	-	2-1-0	3
ECN 330	CN 330 Fiscal Policy and Practices - 2-1			
PHL 308	Issues in African Social and Political Philosophy	-	2-1-0	3
PHL 304	Contemporary Issues in Ethics	-	2-1-0	3
REQUIRED UNITS FOR THE SEMESTER			21	

## PART IV HARMATTAN SEMESTER

## COMPULSORY COURSES (PPE)

POL 415	Long Essay	-	2-1-0	3
POL 407	Political Parties and Pressure Groups	-	2-1-0	3
PHL 405	Topics in Epistemology	-	2-1-0	3
PHL 407	Topics in African Philosophy	-	2-1-0	3

## SPECIAL ELECTIVES: 2 units of special electives

RESTRICTED ELECTIVES: At least two from the following:

ECN 401	Microeconomic Theory II	ECN 301	2-1-0	3
POL 409	State and Economy	-	2-1-0	3
POL 417	Dependency Theory and the Third World	-	2-1-0	3
POL 421	Nigerian Local Government	-	2-1-0	3
POL 411	Science, Technology and Politics	-	2-1-0	3
ECN 403	ECN 403 History of Economic Thought II			3
ECN 413	Monetary and Financial Institutions	-	2-1-0	3
PHL 411	Philosophy of Mind	-	2-1-0	3
REQUIRED UNITS FOR THE SEMESTER			18	

#### PART IV RAIN SEMESTER COMPULSORY COURSES (PPE)

COMPULSORY COURSES (PPE)						
POL 416	Long Essay	-	2-1-0	3		
POL 410	International Law, Organisation and Administration	-	2-1-0	3		
PHL 406	Contemporary Analytic Philosophy	-	2-1-0	3		
ECN 406	Project Evaluation	-	2-1-0	3		
PHL 402	Classics in Ethics	-	2-1-0	3		
SPECIAL ELEC	CTIVES: 2 Units of Special Electives					
RESTRICTED	ELECTIVES: At least one from the following:					
ECN 402	ECN 402 Macroeconomic Theory II I		2-1-0	3		
POL 402	POL 402 Political Behaviour		2-1-0	3		
POL 406	Comparative Federalism	-	2-1-0	3		
POL 408Comparative Public Administration-2-1-03				3		
POL 418	POL 418 Public Personnel Administration - 2-1-0 3					
ECN 414	ECN 414 Monetary Theory and Policy - 2-1-0 3		3			
ECN 428 Econometrics Methods		-	2-1-0	3		
PHL 408	PHL 408 Topics in Metaphysics		2-1-0	3		
POL 420	POL 420 International Politics, States and the Media - 2-1-0 3		3			
REQUIRED UNITS FOR THE SEMESTER 18						

LTP: L = Lecture, T = Tutorial, P = Practical

#### **Course Description**

#### POL 101: Organization of Governments, Citizenship and the State

The various ways of organizing governments into legislature, executive and judiciary. The theory of separation of powers, checks and balances, forms of political administrative system i.e unitarism, federalism. Forms of Governments e.g. presidentialism and parliamentarianism. Instrumentality of political interaction like political parties, pressure groups, etc; theories of the origin of the state and the relationship of the citizen to the state, that is, duties and obligations of the citizen and the responsibility of the state to the citizen. Political obligation, basis of freedom, loyalty and patriotism.

#### **POL 102: Nigerian Government and Politics**

Political structure in colonial and post-colonial Nigeria, Nigeria's federal arrangement and division of state powers among the participating units of governments, Revenue Allocation and the Politics of Resource Control, Majority-Minority Ethnic Relations and the issue of Marginalization, Religious and Regional Politics, Constitutional and Political Crises, Parties and Electoral Politics, Indigene-Settler Dichotomy, Politics of Census, and the Role of the Military in Nigerian Politics.

#### SSC 104: Introduction to Political Science

The nature of politics and how it is played; the concept of politics and political science; introduction to organization and operation of modern government; forms and type of government; the principles of modern government, rule of law, theory of separation of powers; making, execution and control of public policy; the method of political science.

#### **POL 201: Political Analysis**

Nature and Major Concepts of Politics, Approaches to Political Analysis, Different Levels of Political Analysis - Individual Level of Analysis (Political Culture and Socialization), and Group Level of Political Analysis (Political Parties, Pressure Groups and the Civil Society), Political Representation and Participation. The relationship between regime types and political efficiency, citizen's participation and political culture.

## POL 202: Nigerian Constitutional Development and Politics

The establishment of colonial political order – indirect rule and the Nigerian Council of 1914, the Clifford Constitution, Richard Constitution, Macpherson's Constitution, Lyttleton Constitution; The Constitutional Conferences—the 1960 Nigerian Independence Constitution, the 1963 Republican Constitution, the Military decrees, 1979 and 1999 Constitutions.

## POL 203: Political Thought: Plato to Machiavelli

Politics and the history of political thought; Systematic theory and the nature of political thought; politics and the ideal of organic community; Ancient Hebrew and Greek conception of the political community; Plato and the idea state; Aristotle and the political society; political thought during the Roman civilization; Christian political thought from Jesus through St. Augustine. Thomas Aquinas, Martin Luther to Calvin-Nicollo Machiavelli on politics and morality.

## **POL 204: Introduction to African Politics**

The nature of African society before colonialism; establishment of colonial rule in Africa; different systems of colonial administration and economic policies; nationalist movements and independence; the problem of neo-colonialism and dependency; contemporary problems in Africa – political crises, famine, structural adjustment and debt crisis.

## **POL 206: Political Thought Since Hobbes**

Impact of the Renaissance and new science on political thought; the social contract theory and the mechanistic conception of the state and individuals, Thomas Hobbes, the Levellers and Diggers on Democracy; John Locke on Natural Rights and origins of the state and limited government theory of the state; Friedrich Hegel – modern liberalism and conservatism.

## POL 207: Foundations of Political Economy

Meaning, origin, development, scope and method of political economy; systems – traditional types, capitalist market economies, socialist market economies, command economies and mixed economies; theories of political economy – mercantilism, liberalism and Marxism; economic consequence of political ideologies; political effects of economic (capitalist market) operations; nature and development of capitalism, social classes and political power; economic basis of constitution and politics regimes. The role of money in politics. The politics of international economy – theory of the modern world system. Dependency theory and theory of hegemonic stability. Economic basis of domestic and international political conflicts, violence, wars and revolutions.

## POL 208: Elements of Public Administration

Concepts in Administration; meaning, scope, development and approaches to Public Administration; Administration as Art and Science; Differences between Public and Private Sectors; Relationship between Politics and Administration and other Social Science disciplines; Nature of Administration (POSDCORB); Nature and Functions of the Civil Service; Civil service ethics; Agencies supervising civil service; etc.

#### **POL 209: Introduction to International Relations**

Introduction to world politics; structure and organization of the international system; theories of international relations; linkage politics, theories of coalitions and alliances; balance of power theory; the components of

national power; the pursuit of national interest and world orders; the principal force at work in the third world in international politics.

## **POL 210: Political Ideas**

In-depth discussion of major political ideas and movement; monarchism, nationalism, liberalism, democracy, socialism, totalitarianism, anarchism, conservatism, feminism, environmentalism, fundamentalism, e.t.c. These ideas should be linked to concepts like power, sovereignty, law, justice, rights, equality, morality, obligation and freedom.

## POL 211: Local Governments and Politics

Theories of local government; structure and organization of local government, local government in national development; changing structure and recurring problem of local government; local government and grassroots political participation; local government reforms; local government and inter-governmental relations.

## **POL301:** Contemporary Political Analysis

The role of paradigms, theories and frameworks in political analysis; elite theory, group theory, structuralfunctional theories; game theory, communication theory, theories of political development; and political economy approaches.

## POL 303: Administrative Theory and Practice

Evolution of administrative and organizational theories from the classical through the neo-classical to the contemporary period; relationship between administrative politics and the political process; administrative behaviour in various institutional settings; interplay of political institutions and decision making in bureaucratic organisations; budgeting, personnel administration; control and responsibility of democratic governments.

#### **POL 305:** Public Policy Analysis

The nature of public policy and the theories of public policy. The policy process, formulation, implementation and evaluation; strategies of planning, programming and budgeting system (PPBS): basic techniques of network construction and analysis. Analysis of programme effectiveness and critique; roles of actors in public policy

## POL 307: Comparative Government and Politics (Selected Area Studies)

The subject matter of comparative politics and the structure of a political system. A comparative analysis of government and politics based on selected area studies (such as Europe, North America, Middle East and North Africa, Asia; Latin America) focusing on:

- (1) Factors that shape political behaviour: historical background, economic and social condition, ethnic and caste groups, religion beliefs and ideologies
- (2) The political process: election of rulers, political parties and interest groups citizens, participation.
- (3) Major political institutions: location and exercise of power, interrelationship between institutions, limitations of power.

#### POL 308: Politics of Development and Underdevelopment

The theories of development and under-development; socio-economic context of the problem of development and under-development; dependency and under-development; uneven and unequal development; constraints and problems of rapid socio-economic changes in Third World Countries; politics and under-development in post-Colonial Africa.

## **POL 310: Comparative Foreign Policy**

Major theories of foreign policy; the structure and process of foreign policy formulation; international setting of foreign policies of selected countries. The key determinants of foreign policy of such countries. Domestic structure and international context of foreign policy.

## **POL 313: Theories of International Relations**

The utility of theories and concepts in international relations; power; conflict and accommodation, systems theory, linkage politics, the theory of coalition and alliance models, games theory and simulation.

## POL 314: Marxist-Leninist Thought and Practice

Sources of Marxist thought; Marx's methodology- dialectical materialism and historical materialism; the origin, nature and future of state; social classes, politics and the state; politics as class struggle; the role of revolution in resolution of contradictions and transformation of societies. Applied Marxism- From Lenin through Mao Zedong to Nkrumah.

## POL 315: The Methodology of Comparative Research

Comparative political analysis: history of comparative politics, concepts, the scientific method, and the logic of comparism: Classification system in comparative politics; case study approach, computing paradigms or orientation in comparative political analysis; the strategies of across-system theorizing; measurement problems in cross national research.

## **POL 316: Politics of International Economic Relations**

Economic bases of state actions in international politics; International Trade; commercial policies of state; capital movement; the IMF, World Bank, Multinational Enterprises. Customs Union, and Currency Areas.

## **POL 317: Globalisation and Development**

The concepts of globalisation and development; dimensions of globalisation; factors/forces that shape globalisation; globalisation and world development; globalisation and national development; responses to globalisation; challenges/problems of globalisation; globalisation and the third world.

## POL 318: Public Administration in Nigeria

Ecology, history and scope of Nigerian Public Administration; the public service in Nigeria; Field Administration; public corporations, privatization and commercialization; politics of financial administration; public service reforms in Nigeria; major policies in Nigerian Public Administration (Monetization, Servicom, IPPIS, Due Process, Procurement Act, etc).

## POL 319: Research Methods in Political Science

Political science and the scientific method; the logic of political inquiry and the language of variables; introduction to research method in political science; problem formulation; organization of research in political science; research strategies and types of research; historical, descriptive, experimental etc; tools of research – sampling, questionnaire, interview and focus group discussion. Analysis and interpretation of data - content analysis, chi square, analysis of variance, descriptive analysis, etc; field work and report writing.

## POL 320: Government and Administration of Urban and Rural Areas

Socio – political and economic dichotomy of urban and rural areas; the problems of planning and executing major services in urban and rural political systems; the structure of local level political administration.

#### **POL 322: Comparative Federalism**

Theories of federalism, the theory and practice of federalism in states such as Nigeria, USA, Canada, Germany, India, and Malaysia, focusing on origin and formation, integrative and stressing factors, and the functioning of political structures.

## POL 324: Civil Society and Democratic Governance

The concepts of civil society and democracy; dimensions of civil society; the role of civil society in democratisation and governance; challenges confronting civil society organisations.

## POL 326: Gender and politics

Feminist theory; Women, Political Participation and Socialisation; Culture, Power Relations and Gender; Globalisation and Gender; Gender issues in politics such as female representation, and general involvement in political activities, etc.

## POL 402: Political Behaviour

The subject matter of political behaviour and political participation; approaches to the study of political behaviour; the psychology of political behaviour: personality and political behaviour; political culture; social classes, sleet, ideology and political behaviour; political socialization; political apathy; elite recruitment: ethnicity; political economy of political behaviour military rule and political participation; electoral behaviour; public opinion; and political communication.

## POL 403: Theories of War and Strategies for Peace

War and its causes; political, psychological and economic theories; arms race; deterrence, balance of power, collective security; disarmament, arms limitation, and other means of maintaining international peace.

## **POL 405: Nigerian Foreign Policy**

Internal setting of Nigeria's foreign policy – pressure groups, domestic scheme, consensus building process, etc. Nigeria's neighbors, International environment; policy processes and issues during civilian and military regimes, the impact of the civil war on Nigeria's foreign policy; the changing pattern of Nigeria's non-aligned policy, issues and problems of foreign policy making since 1976: Nigeria's pan-Africa role, and Nigeria's foreign policy in the post-cold war era.

## **POL 407: Political Parties and Pressure Groups**

Structures and functions of political parties and pressure groups in modern polities; types of party systems and pressure groups, the role of parties and pressure groups in policy process and resource allocation.

## POL 408: Comparative Public Administration

Comparative analysis of private large-scale organisations and public (state) administrative organisations; of public administration in federal and unitary states; of state bureaucracies and state parastatals; of administration in selected countries; liberal democracies, communist systems and the Third world.

#### **POL 409: State and Economy**

The Role of government in the management of modern economy (emphasis on Nigeria and other African countries): The interaction between government and private economic organizations- regulatory policies of government; intervention in the economic processes thorough administrative planning and control; the state and multi-national corporations, and the problem of indigenization.

#### **POL 410: International Law, Organization and Administration**

Nature and function of international law in the world system; Administrative structure and processes of international law; international law and the administration of world peace; and security and welfare in the twentieth century.

#### POL 411: Science, Technology and Politics

The concepts of science, technology and politics and their interrelationships; impact of science and technology on state government and public policy; the structure and process of science policy making; the role of scientists as policy advisers, the conflict between scientists and administrators in establishments; and the problems and prospects of scientific and technological development in the third World.

#### POL 412: Political Violence Revolution and Society

Theories of revolutions; analysis of recent patterns of revolutionary political actions – coup e.t.c at guerilla warfare riots, civil disobedience and international terrorism – focus on causes, trends, socio-political consequence and control.

#### **POL 413: Public Finance Administration**

The nature, scope and purpose of public financial management; the role of development planning on society; budget analysis and the budgetary process.

#### **POL 414: Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms**

Philosophical and historical origins of the rights of man; human rights and fundamental freedoms in contemporary political systems; global dimensions of human rights protection; human rights abuses in Nigeria and the world in general.

#### POL 415: Long Essay

A research on approved topic carried out under the supervision of a lecturer.

#### POL 416: Long Essay

A research on approved topic carried out under the supervision of a lecturer.

#### POL 417: Dependency Theory and the Third World in World Politics

Dependency and Neo- dependency theories; Historical origins of dependency; major forces shaping the economies of Africa, Latin, America, and Asia; Dependency and global capitalist accumulation effect of integration of Third World economies into the international capitalist system; evaluation of the impact of The Third World State on World politics.

#### **POL 418: Public Personnel Administration**

The values and philosophy of Human Resources management with focus on Manpower planning, unemployment, Industrial relation and job performance. The problems of job design, and recruitment selection, placement and appraisal would also be examined in the light of Nigeria's experience.

#### POL 420: International Politics, States and the Media

The Fourth Estate of the Realm; freedom of information and the media; politics and manipulative nature of communication; the role of technology in political communication; role of ideology and propaganda, culture, economy and media ownership on flow of information across nations, the role of communication in development.

## **POL 421: Nigerian Local Government**

The development of Nigerian Local Government before and after independence, emphasis on - structure, role, reforms, staffing and finance; problems of local administration: local government autonomy and relationship with the state and federal government, and other spheres of intergovernmental relations in Nigeria.

## POL 422: Politics and Law in Africa

Theoretical relationships between politics and law; the role of law in society; inter-relationships between law and politics in African countries; the judicial process in some African countries since independence. Appraisal of the role and place of law in African states.

## **POL 423: Development Administration**

Evaluation of development administration; Administration and Nation- building; the role of government in management the interrelation processes of nation-building, economic development and socio-political changes. Assessment and evaluation of the administrative systems capability to sustain, accommodate and manage development.

#### **POL 424: Civil-Military Relations**

Comparative examination of the changing role of the military in modern governments, socio-economic and political factors affecting military organisation procedure and behaviour, the problem of civilian control of the military; the problem of the military in politics especially in Africa and the Third world countries, patterns of civil- military relations and the role of Armies in revolution, the phenomenon and definition of 'military-industrial complex'.

#### **POL 425: Comparative Democratic Development**

Theory of democracy, variants of democracy, democratic development, selected case studies.

#### POL 426: Legislative Studies

The role of the legislature in the political process; a survey of legislative power; principles and procedures of law making; relationship between the legislature and other arms of government.

#### POL 427: Politics of Intergovernmental Relations

The concept of intergovernmental relations, relations between various levels of government in a federation, federal-state, state-state, federal-local, state-local, e.t.c. The politics of fiscal relations (taxing power, resource control, revenue allocation, autonomy for subnational units in the provision of social services).

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#### ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

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1.	F.O. OLUYEMI	HND, Secretarial Studies	Confidential Secretary I
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3.	O. O. OLADELE	SSCE, OND	Executive Officer
4.	M. IDOWU	SSCE	Assistant Chief Clerical Officer

## **DEPARTMENT PRIZES**

The Department has academic prizes given out to outstanding students at the University's convocation ceremonies. The prizes are:

## (i) J. Olanipekun Akintunde Prize

For the best graduating student in the final degree examinations in the Department of Political Science.

## (ii) Professor Leo Dare Prize

For the graduating student with the best overall performance in the Department of Political Science.